Labour Market and Labour Market Participation

Sources:
Labour Force Participation Rate*, Employment Rate, Unemployment: OECD statistics, 2006
Share: National source

Notes:
* ratio between the number of persons in the labour force (employed or unemployed) in a given age group and the population in the same age group.
**% of employed individuals on the working age population.
***% of employed persons in a given age group on the population in the same age group.

Indicators
Demographic Indicators
Income and Wealth
Labour Market and Labour Market Participation
Social Protection and Financial Sustainability

Median Age
n.a.

Unemployment Rates***, 1992-2005
*See Notes

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**Inactivity Rates**, 1992-2005

*See Notes

**Time Spent in Paid vs. Unpaid Work Activities**

n.a.

**Long-Term Unemployment Rates**, 1992-2005

*See Notes

**Share of Non-Employed Disability Benefit Recipients**

n.a.

**Age Discrimination**

n.a.

**Average Effective Labour Market Exit Age**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Women 55-64</th>
<th>Men 55-64</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>57.8</td>
<td>62.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>55.5</td>
<td>57.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Early / Late Retirement**

n.a.
Lifetime Allocation*, 2000

- Retirement: 27.9%
- Working life: 44.0%
- Childhood and education: 28.1%

Average Age of Entry into Employment

- Men: 53.4
- Women: 29.7

Implicit Tax on Continuing Working for a Single Worker *

- n.a.

Flexible Retirement

- n.a.

* Based on average ages of entry and exit to/from the labour market calculated for 2000

Sources:
Lifetime Allocation:
Burniaux et al, OECD, 2003

*With average production worker earnings